



## FINDING CONTECT FREE MEANING AND GRAMMATICAL CATEGORY OF COVID – 19 VOCABULARY: PATTERNS OF CHARACTERISTICS OF VARIETY OF LANGUAGE TERMS DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC

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### Abstract

The term is a form of words or a combination of words used to express a concept to get a certain meaning. This study aims to describe the characteristic patterns of various language terms during the Covid pandemic 19. This research uses a qualitative descriptive approach where the results of the analysis are described in words but not in numerical form. The subjects in this study used new terms that existed during the Covid pandemic 19. While the object in this study was a characteristic pattern focused on the variety of Covid term languages 19. The technique used was observation and data collection techniques. The results showed that there were 38 data patterns of language characteristics of Covid 19 terms analyzed and then classified into 14 data in English form, 9 data in synonym form, 10 data in abbreviated form and 5 data in acronym form.

**Keywords:** Variety of Languages, Terms, Covid 19

### Abstrak

*Istilah adalah bentuk kata atau gabungan kata yang digunakan untuk mengungkapkan suatu konsep untuk mendapatkan makna tertentu. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mendeskripsikan pola karakteristik berbagai istilah bahasa pada masa pandemi Covid 19. Penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan deskriptif kualitatif dimana hasil analisisnya dideskripsikan dalam bentuk kata-kata tetapi tidak dalam bentuk angka. Subjek dalam penelitian ini menggunakan istilah-istilah baru yang ada pada masa pandemi Covid 19. Sedangkan objek dalam penelitian ini adalah pola karakteristik yang difokuskan pada ragam bahasa istilah Covid 19. Teknik yang digunakan adalah teknik observasi dan pengumpulan data. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa terdapat 38 data pola ciri bahasa istilah Covid 19 yang dianalisis kemudian diklasifikasikan menjadi 14 data dalam bentuk bahasa Inggris, 9 data dalam bentuk sinonim, 10 data dalam bentuk singkatan dan 5 data dalam bentuk akronim.*

**Kata kunci:** Ragam Bahasa, Istilah, Covid 19

### INTRODUCTION

Language is a symbol in the form of sound that has arbitrary properties. (arbitrary) and is used by some members of the community to carry out interaction in communication. Language is a lingua franca where language used as a liaison to interact between two or more different ethnic groups each has its own language (Chaer, 2013). language too used as a human communication tool to express thoughts and feelings (Sumarsono, 2003). As explained above, language has a function important in life. Language is also seen as a means of communication as behavior social behavior that is used to communicate.

The presence of information is a necessity humans who are indispensable in this modern life (Hadianto, 2018:317). Furthermore, Wijayanti & Nafiah (2019) states that language functions as a means of communication, whether used directly or indirectly direct. Direct communication is a two-way communication that demands presence of a second person. On the other hand, indirect

communication is communication which does not require the presence of a speaker because it has been done through writing. That way, the function of language is used as a communication tool that one of them to give birth to a thought, thus enabling feelings someone to work with other people.

Language variety is often referred to as language variation. According to Abdullah & Majid (2013) variety of language is a type of language use according to different users. The difference can be seen in the topics that discussed, according to the relationship between the speaker, the interlocutor, and the person discussed and according to the medium of conversation. Chaer (2010) states that the variety of language can be seen from two views. First, the variation or variety language is seen as a result of the social diversity of speakers of that language and diversity of language functions. Second, the variation or variety of language already exists to fulfill its function as a means of interaction in community activities that various. Oktavia (2018:318) said that the variety of languages is types of language variations whose use is adjusted to the function and situation, without ignoring the basic rules that apply in the language be delivered.

Synonyms are semantic relationships between words that have similarity of meaning according to the purpose of its use. In addition, Utami (2010:19) said that synonym is a semantic study of the similarity of words allows a group of synonym pairs to be formed. So the word group which have similarities will follow the group of synonym pairs. However it is not absolute that synonymous words have the same meaning (Adelin, 2013: 3). So that it can be interpreted if there are words or expressions that have phonemically, the meaning that appears will also be different on the nuances. An abbreviation is a letter or a group of letters as a form of short for a word or several words. Octavia (2018:320) states that abbreviations are also often used in several oral and writing. In writing the abbreviation must be in accordance with the written form according to PUEBI (General Guidelines for Indonesian Spelling). Wider Arisanti (2018:107) abbreviations are words or combinations of words that are written and the speech is abbreviated. An abbreviation is a form of a term whose writing shortened in three ways, namely abbreviated combination letters, combined abbreviations letters and numbers. Muslich (2009:168) says that the abbreviation of the combination of letters is a shortening or abbreviation of words from a certain combination of letters, while the abbreviations for letters and numbers are abbreviations consisting of letters and numbers.

A short word formed by combining letters, syllables, or other parts of words that are written and pronounced separately. Besides An alternative definition of the acronym is an abbreviation of two or more words that is used interchangeably with the original words. In accordance with typical Indonesian word patterns, acronyms are typically created with care for the harmony of words from a variety of arrangements of vowels and consonants, making them simple to understand and remember (Firth, 1957). Acronyms are the result of the process of acronymization. The abbreviation of two or more words to form a new word occurs naturally during the process of creating a meaning or concept that is displayed in the form of words (Pateda, 2001). The term "acronym" can be interpreted in two different ways: as a combination of syllables or as a mixture of syllables and other letters. Syllable compound acronyms are self-names that combine multiple syllables and letters, all of which begin with a capital letter. A mixed acronym is one that is a combination of letters, syllables, or both, from a series of words written in all lower case (Muslich, 2009:168).

The development of language in Indonesia is growing rapidly language has now contributed greatly to the development of civilization humans, so that humans can convey and develop his thoughts. Language is something that cannot be separated from life humans because with language, humans can express everything that is in his mind (Saharuddin, 2016:69). Language as a means of communicating can be meaningful when used in everyday life. That way language is used as a reflection of the human mind and becomes the foundation important in survival (Oktavia, 2019:62). Language plays a very important role in certain situations and conditions in general because language can facilitate interpersonal communication in learning and interpret something. Language is the most important form of communication for human. Language serves as a communication tool to get information. Rahardi (2003) which states that language functions as a tool for communication used to express self-expression of things that implicit in his thoughts and feelings. The existence of the Indonesian language that considered as a unifying language apart from being influenced by the power of its users. It can also be supported by its ability to express language phenomena developing new language. Language broadly is in the form of an expression someone who is a symbol. Therefore,

language development Indonesia is also closely related to the level of success in creating a new vocabulary and terms.

After being declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organization (WHO) for more than 4 months, the corona virus outbreak detected first in the city of Wuhan, China at the end of 2019 then until now still just continue to be patient in the community. In between that tucked the words or terms that are trending among language users. In fact, when This is a lot of popping up and the latest terms about the virus pandemic are emerging Corona (Covid 19) which has spread throughout the world, including in Indonesia. The use of these terms is used to describe the situation very different. However, if the use of the term is understood and interpreted differently then the meaning of the term would be incorrect. Therefore It is very important for language people to understand frequently used terms to describe the development of the corona virus pandemic. Covid 19 is still become a big concern for the public. In the midst of the popularity of Covid 19 there is a some terms that are always heard accidentally.

Not only is its development always evolving. New terms too a lot of popping up and growing very rapidly without us realizing it rarely the terms used can be understood differently so that influence on further language development. Language development Indonesia during the pandemic period greatly affected the existence of the language Indonesia as a unified language. This is due to the phenomenon a new language that is considered to bring confusion in some people. No It can be assumed that during the Covid 19 pandemic, it spreads in the community, so many vocabularies have sprung up. With many new terms that are emerged during the Covid 19 pandemic as a reference to be studied and researched, because it is considered that there has been no previous research.

Research that is relevant to the research to be carried out is according to Hariyanto (2010) with the title "Special Terms in Chat". Equation This study discusses both terms. The difference lies in on the object used. In previous studies using objects that focused on chatting, while on the research to be carried out the object is more focused on the events of the Covid 19 pandemic. Relevant research was also carried out by Wiratno et al (2017) with the title "Analysis of the Quality of Translation Against" Technical Terms in Gravity's Ragnarok Online Game. Equation Both of these studies have subjects regarding several kinds of terms. While the difference is seen in the object used, namely in research previously used technical terms in the game Ragnarok, and on. The research that will be studied is more focused on terms during the pandemic Covid 19. In this regard, Indonesian, which is the language of national language and the Indonesian state language which has become the hallmark of the nation. However, nowadays the Indonesian language has been heavily influenced by several people very different characteristic patterns of language variety. As for the type of pattern. The characteristics of the variety of language terms that are focused on in this research are the form of English, synonyms, abbreviations and acronyms.

## METHOD

By solving problems procedurally and describing the research object's current state, a qualitative descriptive method is used in this investigation (Sugiyono, 2010). Data Suggestions In qualitative research, the focus is on the display of words and objects that have been carefully observed by researchers in order to capture the meaning implied in the document or object. The information gathered is not numerical or statistical in nature, but rather qualitative and is provided in the form of words. The author conducts a content analysis by describing the context in which the exposure being studied occurred (Arikunto, 2010:22). Covid 19 virus studies constitute the scope of this project's work. Assuming that the subject in This study follows a common mode in its examination of the many languages' use of words for Covid 19. This research relied on data collection and observation methods.

Without a middleman, data is gathered through direct observation methods. On Filtering documents from the data collected is done based on the data sources in the form of written data, photos, pictures, words about the variety of language terms during the Covid 19 pandemic as material for research analysis.

## FINDING AND RESULT

The characteristic pattern of various language terms during the Covid 19 pandemic, can be analyzed using various types of language, among others by using variety of languages in English

(foreign), synonyms (similar words), abbreviations which is divided into Indonesian and English forms as well as acronyms (shortening of words).

### **English Language**

In this study, the use of English terms is more dominant found, because the use of vocabulary in English is felt more high value and practical compared to using Indonesian language itself. The use of English vocabulary in this ad is also aimed at to show a modern impression, so the term is expected able to bring up the novelty of language terms.

1.	<i>New normal</i>
2.	<i>Social distancing</i>
3.	<i>Physical distancing</i>
4.	<i>Lockdown</i>
5.	<i>Swab test</i>
6.	<i>Rapid test</i>

Data (1) the word new normal can be interpreted as a new normal which never been there before, where during the pandemic new normal is cultural change, for example by always implementing a Clean Lifestyle and Healthy (PHBS), the situation during the Covid 19 period requires the community adapting to new normalities such as wearing a mask when leaving the house, Always wash your hands and maintain physical distance when in crowded places. Data (2) social distancing is one of the preventive measures and control corona virus infection by encouraging healthy people to limit visits to crowded places and direct contact with other people. When implementing social distancing, one is not allowed to shake hands and must maintain a distance of at least 1 meter when interacting with other people, especially with people who are sick or at high risk of suffering Covid19.

Data (3) physical distancing can be interpreted as restrictions. The government asks the public to continue to carry out social interactions such as: ordinary. But for now it can be done in other ways that are not requires direct physical presence, for example using technology information and use social media. Data (4) lockdown (closure) is a situation that prohibits residents from entering a place because a state of emergency. Lockdown can also mean a country that closes its borders, so that no one enters or leaves the village, city and even the country.

Data (5) swab test can be interpreted as a method of taking samples as well as a follow- up to the rapid test. This swab test is usually used after 10 days of ODP or PDP doing rapid and has done self-quarantine or not. Someone declared PDP or ODP is someone who shows there is a reaction from the virus into the body. The swab test is carried out by taking a sample in the form of a liquid from the an ODP or PDP through the throat or bridge of the nose. Data (6) rapid test is the first way to find out whether it is reactive or not human antibodies to viruses. Sampling on a rapid test with take blood both from the fingertips and from the inner veins human elbow. Rapid test is required for immigrants from outside the area first from the red zone.

### **Synonym**

Isolation has the same meaning as the word independent, namely a a form of separation from people infected by the virus. Isolation is often also associated with the word Isolir which is a form of the word from the result of influence. The Netherlands. Isolation is also defined as the act of separating sick patients transmitted from other people. The term isolation is usually used for someone who have shown symptoms of being infected with the corona virus and have the opportunity to infect other people, so it needs to be separated so that the virus does not spread. Disinfectant is another term for destroying bacteria. Extermination of bacteria on the case described by the author regarding the virus in the form of liquid Liquid made based on a certain amount and based on alcohol which has hot properties. The disinfectant in question is a liquid that is sprayed on inanimate objects or parts of the house that are considered to have the potential to transmit the virus because it is often a place to interact with many people.

Positive is a statement where something is stated to produce something new, detecting a new thing in a person's body. Positive exposed to the virus, it shows that in a person's body it is expressed there is a virus that enters it. The process in the presence of a virus positively or it doesn't have to be multiple tests. When in human antibodies it is stated reactive to the virus, then the person is tested positive in his body infected with Covid19. Plague is a word taken from the language Arabic which means an infectious disease and the process of contracting it is very that attacks a number of people very quickly. Plague can be interpreted as an infectious disease that spreads quickly and attacks a number of people people in a wide place. Based on the term of this research it can be said outbreaks due to the spread of Covid-19, so the number of sufferers always soared despite health efforts. In addition, the Covid-19 outbreak not only attack one area, but the spread is getting wider so that the entire area is infected with the Covid-19 virus.

#### Abbreviation

No	Singkatan	Kepanjangan
24.	WFH	<i>Work From Home</i>
25.	SFH	<i>Study From Home</i>
26.	PCR	<i>Polymerase Chain Reaction</i>

Data (24) WFH stands for Work From Home which means work from home. The term WFH is an abbreviation of English but its character is increasingly becoming local according to the order of abbreviations. WFH enforcement on during the pandemic to prevent excessive transmission. Basically working are activities that other people do that mostly require mileage. This underlies the consideration of the spread of the virus every time travel or as a traveler. WFH was carried out as a follow-up to regional quarantine. Each employee is required to complete the obligations of workload from each home with work procedures from each respective companies.

Data (25) SFH which stands for Study From Home, namely study from home. WFH and SFH are some of the methods used to reduce the spread of the virus. Health protocol system at SFH outline the same as WFH. SFH requires all students to study from their respective homes. This is done because of the range of transmission of the virus to children have too much risk. The order of education is changing as a whole. SFH requires students to be able to learn without having to meet face to face with students teacher and at home. The learning process continues as it should but the methods and models used are different. Face-to-face learning changes the face is completely online. Data (26) PCR or Polymerase Chain Reaction is a laboratory examination to detect the presence of a viruses in the human body. The term PCR during the corona virus pandemic or Covid19 is used to detect genetic material in each cell which is DNA or RNA. PCR in the spread of the virus is a follow-up to swab test.

#### Acronym

Webinar is an acronym that stands for Web seminar. The implementation of the overall order of life has an impact on each individual's activity. Web seminar, demands to always do seminars and conducting research that keep things running should. Web seminars are used as an alternative to providing seminars through e-mail websites. Research activities and seminars are still ongoing and attended by many people virtually. Covid 19 stands for Coronavirus disease 2019. The name Covid19 to make it easier for the wider community to pronounce and interpret quickly. So that people do dissemination of information by not using medical language. This virus is a type of virus that attacks the human respiratory system.

SARS-Cov-2 which stands for Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 is a type of acronym combined between letters and numbers. SARS-Cov-2, better known as the corona virus is a new type of virus that is transmitted to humans and infection of the respiratory tract respiration. N95 mask is also a kind of combined acronym of letters and numbers that stand for mask not resistant to oil 95. Mask This respirator is used to filter the air from very small particles. Word "N" which means

a mask that is not oil resistant. Besides that the number 95 is a code how much is the ability of the material in the mask to function good at filtering out particles. Fasyankes is an acronym combination of words that stands for health care facilities. Health facilities are a tool and place used by a group of people community to organize an activity-based effort health care.

## CONCLUSION

Language is an arbitrary communication tool which conveyed by one person to another with intent and meaning which function primarily as a means of mutual social communication related and that language can be conveyed to the general public for achieve certain goals and objectives. Language is not static because language will continue to develop according to certain circumstances and situations. Until allows language to have diversity. Language variety is a the most basic and often used as a benchmark to determine whether it is good or bad a language. The characteristic pattern of various language terms can be seen from various types of language form. As for the research above, it can be seen in English, synonyms, abbreviations and acronyms. Every term and language that appears based on Certain events can be grouped according to language origin, similarities, meaning and form of words .

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